WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2019 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2585

BY DELEGATE MALCOLM, JEFFRIES, D., KUMP, KELLY, D.,

PHILLIPS, KESSINGER, MANDT, PORTERFIELD, HANNA,

GRAVES AND BUTLER

[Introduced January 22, 2019; Referred

to the Committee on Fire Departments and

Emergency Medical Services then Government

Organization.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §29-3-5b of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
 to the State Fire Commission promulgating a rule for the state building code to require
 large venues to have portable exit barriers to guide people to targeted exit areas for faster
 and safer exiting.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 3. FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT.

§29-3-5b. Promulgation of rules and statewide building code.

1 (a) The State Fire Commission shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance 2 with the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code to safeguard life and property and to ensure 3 the quality of construction of all structures erected or renovated throughout this state through the 4 adoption of a State Building Code. The rules shall be in accordance with standard safe practices 5 so embodied in widely recognized standards of good practice for building construction and all 6 aspects related thereto and have force and effect in those counties and municipalities adopting 7 the State Building Code: Provided, That each county or municipality may adopt the code to the 8 extent that it is only prospective and not retroactive in its application.

9 (b) The State Fire Commission may propose rules for legislative approval in accordance 10 with the provisions of §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code, regarding building construction, renovation 11 and all other aspects as related to the construction and mechanical operations of a structure. The 12 rules shall be known as the State Building Code.

(c) The State Fire Commission shall propose a rule for legislative approval in accordance
with the provisions of §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code to include building energy codes in the State
Building Code.

(d) (1) The State Fire Commission may propose rules for legislative approval, in
 accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code, establishing state standards and
 fee schedules for the licensing, registration, certification, regulation and continuing education of
 persons which will conduct inspections relating to the State Building Code, which include, but are

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20 not limited to, building code officials, inspectors, plans examiners and home inspectors.

(2) The State Fire Commission shall propose rules for legislative approval requiring
 applicants for home inspector licensing, registration or certification to submit to a state and
 national criminal history record check as set forth in this section and may deny licensing,
 registration or certification based upon the results of the criminal history record check.

(e) The State Fire Commission may establish advisory boards as it considers appropriate
 to encourage representative participation in subsequent rulemaking from groups or individuals
 with an interest in any aspect of the State Building Code or related construction or renovation
 practices.

29 (f) For the purpose of this section, the term "building code" is intended to include all 30 aspects of safe building construction and mechanical operations and all safety aspects related 31 thereto. Whenever any other state law, county or municipal ordinance or regulation of any agency 32 thereof is more stringent or imposes a higher standard than is required by the State Building 33 Code, the provisions of the state law, county or municipal ordinance or regulation of any agency 34 thereof governs if they are not inconsistent with the laws of West Virginia and are not contrary to 35 recognized standards and good engineering practices. In any question, the decision of the State 36 Fire Commission determines the relative priority of any such state law, county or municipal 37 ordinance or regulation of any agency thereof and determines compliance with State Building 38 Code by officials of the state, counties, municipalities and political subdivisions of the state.

(g) Enforcement of the provisions of the State Building Code is the responsibility of the
respective local jurisdiction. Also, any county or municipality may enter into an agreement with
any other county or municipality to provide inspection and enforcement services: *Provided*, That
any county or municipality may adopt the State Building Code with or without adopting the BOCA
National Property Maintenance Code.

(h) After the State Fire Commission has promulgated rules as provided in this section,
each county or municipality intending to adopt the State Building Code shall notify the State Fire

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46 Commission of its intent.

47 (i) The State Fire Commission may conduct public meetings in each county or municipality
48 adopting the State Building Code to explain the provisions of the rules.

49 (i) The provisions of the State Building Code relating to the construction, repair, alteration, 50 restoration and movement of structures are not mandatory for existing buildings and structures 51 identified and classified by the State Register of Historic Places under the provisions of section 52 eight, article one of this chapter or the National Register of Historic Places, pursuant to 16 U.S. 53 C. §470a. Prior to renovations regarding the application of the State Building Code, in relation to 54 historical preservation of structures identified as such, the authority having jurisdiction shall 55 consult with the Division of Culture and History, State Historic Preservation Office. The final 56 decision is vested in the State Fire Commission. Additions constructed on a historic building are 57 not excluded from complying with the State Building Code. 58 (k) The State Fire Commission may propose rules for legislative approval, in accordance

59 with the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code, requiring large venues to have and place

60 portable exit barriers to separate people into guided and targeted exit areas for faster and safer

61 <u>exiting.</u>

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to require the State Fire Commission to propose rule for the state building code to require large venues to have and use portable exit barriers for safer exiting.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.